
Stations Manned and Ready

2nd Edition

Naval Battles in the Age of Steel

The Battle of Cape Bon
12th December 1941

A and A Game Engineering

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Naval Battles in the Age of Steel

The Battle of Cape Bon 12th December 1941

A BATTLE SCENARIO FOR USE WITH
STATIONS MANNED AND READY

2ND EDITION

NAVAL WARGAMES RULES FOR THE PERIOD 1885 TO 1945
USING MODEL SHIPS AND AIRCRAFT

BY ANDREW FINCH AND ALAN BUTLER

EDITION 1.1A

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INTRODUCTION

This volume is part of a series of booklets providing scenarios for Naval Battles from the Pre-Dreadnought era through to the end of the Second World War, the "Age of Steel" referred to in the title.

This introduction is common to all the booklets, therefore it may refer to items that are not present in all.

Scenario Description

Following a brief introduction, a "potted history" if you like, we suggest the type of battle to be fought, if this is appropriate. Mostly a game will be fought as a typical fleet encounter.

A table set-up is provided describing the scene.

Victory conditions

Unless the game is a meeting engagement the victory conditions are defined. Many games are Breakthrough actions where one side has to get his forces off the table. The method is described in the rule book.

Forces and Special Rules

The deployment requirements for each side, and any special rules applying to the forces are shown separately. Some formations may have a delayed entry.

In some cases we may also specify some additional rules.

The map

A small map is provided, which defines which side starts where. As a convention, North is always at the top of the page, and the table is laid out so that it is based on an 8 foot by 4 foot playing area. Any terrain that should be present is also denoted on the map. The home edge for each side is defined by thicker black lines. In many cases the home edge is adjusted so that it does not follow the standard as laid down in the rules. If a force has to exit from an edge, then this is represented by a wavy line.

Fleets

The ships involved in each action are listed. As far as possible, where research has revealed the information, we have also shown the tactical orders of battle with names of the commanders of formations (shown in brackets). The ships in each formation are usually listed in descending order of size, so capital ships are listed before cruisers and destroyers. The actual composition of each squadron is left to the players. The listing shows the ship type, then the names of the ships in the class that were involved in the action.

In some cases you can choose whether to deploy the entire force at the start, or keep some off table in order to make flanking manoeuvre. Off table forces are treated as being in reserve.

Ships in the same class are grouped together and they will also appear grouped in the ship data sheets.

Aircraft

Some scenarios may include aircraft. In these cases players should organise them according to the tactical doctrine as shown in the rules. This allows some flexibility in squadrons in cases where fewer than the normal number are indicated.

Some large scenarios list a large number of separate formations of the same aircraft. These usually represent the appearance of repeat strikes by the same aircraft over a prolonged period. For this reason these separate formations should not be combined.

Comments:

Class names:

These have been taken from the names as defined in the Conway's series of books on Warships from 1860 onwards. They may be at variance to those that appear elsewhere, such as in 'Jane's Fighting Ships' for example.

Ship data:

The ship data sheets appear in the same order as mentioned earlier, which means that larger ships appear first. They are then sorted by class, then by ship name in the class. This means that when perusing the ship names these will often not be in alphabetical order.

In some cases you will find that the ship name is blank on a sheet. Check at the bottom left of the sheet in such cases and you will find the names of the ships in the class (unless the list of names is prohibitively long). Enter the name of the ship you need.

In larger battles you will have to print multiple copies of the data sheets for destroyers and smaller ships, entering the names required, so you have one sheet per ship.

In the cases where one sheet is used to provide data for multiple ships, the class name for the ships concerned is shown in bold type. If the "name ship" of the class is not in the fleet, then this name is shown in parenthesis after the list of ships at the battle.

Optional Ships:

Some scenarios allow for optional vessels and squadrons. These are shown in italics in the fleet lists, and may be used if the players wish. Bear in mind that in some cases this may make the battle rather one-sided.

THE BATTLE OF CAPE BON

12th December 1941

As the situation for Italian convoys to North Africa got worse due to the attacks from Malta, the Regia Marina tried making use of warships to convey urgently required fuel to their forces in the desert. In this case, two light cruisers were used escorted by a destroyer, with their decks covered with fuel drums. They were intercepted by the attack force of four destroyers en route to Alexandria.

Scenario Description

The game is played as a night-time Convoy engagement.

The table is set up on a north-south axis.

Victory conditions

The Italian convoy must exit the table from the south-western corner in order to determine the level of victory.

British Forces

British forces deploy in the middle of the western edge of the table at the start of the game.

Italian Forces

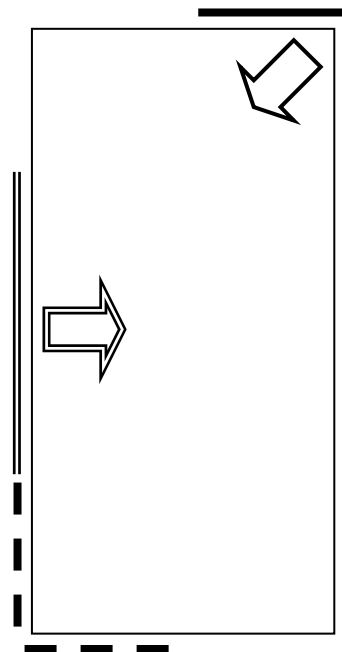
The Italians deploy in the north-eastern corner of the table at the start of the game.

Italian Special Rules

The convoy rules for using warships to carry cargo are applied in this game. In addition, if the cargo does get hit, the ship automatically suffers 1 fire, and also adds a second following a successful Fire Test using the CV that caused the damage.

Italian forces deploy in the north-eastern corner of the table.

British forces deploy in middle of the western edge of the table.



British Forces

(Stokes)

DD Sikh, Maori – (**Tribal**)
Legion – (**L with 4**)
Isaac Sweers

Italian Forces

(Toscano)

CL Barbiano, Giussano
DD Cigno – (**Spica – Climene group II**)

HOW TO USE THE SHIP DATA SHEETS

You can print out the data sheet for the ships you want to use in your game. There is little or no manual intervention required on your part. You will have to enter the crew quality on all ships, generated at the start of the game. In the case of destroyers and smaller vessels you will usually have to print multiple copies of sheets and add the ship names as appropriate.

Some ships have minor changes to their close range defence weapons, noted on the sheets, which you can apply if you wish to do so. Note that these changes also have an effect on the points value of the ship, as shown.

Ship Data – Normal Ships

The ship data on the sheets follows a standard pattern, and is explained in more detail in the Ship Data Glossary, available free of charge. This takes each part of the data sheet and briefly explains its use in the game. The fields are laid out as follows, starting at the top of the sheet. Not all fields appear on all the sheets.

The top section, above the armour boxes, shows on the left the ship name and under this its class. The ship name may be blank in the case of destroyers and smaller ships. In such cases there is a usually list of ships for which the sheet is valid at the bottom of the page.

An abbreviated ship type, a date range for which the sheet is valid, the cost in points of a ship with the indicated crew code, the base cost of the ship is shown (in parenthesis), and then the dataset number for the current sheet. A remark may also appear drawing your attention to changes to the ship's light anti aircraft or smaller calibre guns during the validity of the sheet, shown towards the bottom right of the sheet along with the adjusted points values.

On the right hand side is shown the nationality and a box showing the reconnaissance values, which are used during game set up.

At the top of some sheets there may be an additional italicised remark in the centre which identifies a variant of a ship, or otherwise shows some identifying remark.

The next row starts with the Armour on the ship in six main areas. An Armour Class of 0 means that the ship has negligible armour and is treated as unarmoured. This is explained in the rules themselves. Turrets and Casemates may be armoured or may show an entry of "n/a" which means that this ship does not have any weapons in the location.

You will see that in the case of Turrets and Casemates the armour value is shown in various sorts of brackets: [], () and {}. This is just intended as a handy reference to the weapons mounts shown lower down on the sheets.

To the right of the casemate entry there may be a special remark about armour on a specific part of the ship.

The last part, on the right, shows the ship's Size for when it is shot at, the Target Type, which may restrict what can shoot at it, and the Magazine Safety Factor (MSF), which has an effect if the ship suffers a main gun hit. Ships with no guns will not have an MSF.

In the next line there is an italicised section which tells you which Critical Hit table should be used, and which attack types can be used against the ship in question. On the right of this you will find reference to a Saving Throw Modifier. On larger ships this will show "n/a" to indicate that it does not apply. On many smaller and unarmoured vessels you will find a modifier, which is applied when testing the effectiveness of certain attacks on the ship in question.

Below the first black dividing line you will find the ship's Spotting Distance, which is how far the ship can see and engage a target. This may well be greater or less than the tactical visibility in your game.

Next is the Fire Control value, which is the resilience of the fire control systems on your ship. If reduced to zero, the ship must shoot using local control.

This is followed by the Gunnery Modifier, which reflects the level of technology for gunnery control when the ship was fitted out.

Finally, in this row, is a space for you to enter the Crew Quality of your ship. You roll for this before the game.

Below this row, above the next dividing line, you may find information about Radar on the ship. From the left you may find radar for MAIN guns, radar for OTHER guns and radar for Dual Purpose AA guns. In the latter case they get a +1 to hit bonus. On the far right on all sheets is a field for any spotting aircraft the ship may carry. If there are no aircraft this field will be blank.

The next section holds the weapons on a ship. This is divided into three groups: MAIN, OTHER and TORPEDOES. You will notice that above the data on the right is the to hit score at the 5 range bands for the weapons concerned. This may be helpful in play.

On the very left is the hit location number, which is used to determine where damage occurs when weapons are hit by Critical Damage Effects.

The number (of barrels/tubes) and calibre follow.

In some cases after the calibre there may be a special code showing AA and ASW weapons. Detailed explanations are given in the rules.

Under the section on arcs these are each defined with the letter code for the arc (which matches the graphic depiction shown at the bottom on the section, gun arcs to the left and torpedo arcs to the right). There is a letter and number code showing the mount type and number of guns or tubes in the mount. If the mount is armoured it is shown in one of the brackets which also appear in the armour section higher up. The mount is followed by a circle, and/or a special symbol, for each mount.

On the right centre are the penetration values for guns and to hit modifiers for torpedoes in each Range Band. A "—" means that a gun or torpedo will not go that far, and a to hit modifier in parenthesis shows a torpedo that can be effective at a range longer than the ship can see.

This is followed by the weapon IP and CV, and a notation whether this weapon has radar support.

In the OTHER weapon section you will find the Close, Medium and Long range Factors which are mainly used for AA fire. If the ship has Anti Submarine Weapons, Long, Medium or Short Range Factors then there is a remark at the top of the OTHER weapon section about how these are lost to incidental damage.

The final information in this part of the form is the weapon arc row, where the arcs in use on this ship in question are outlined with a thick black line.

Immediately below the third dividing line, Aircraft Carriers have details of their Handling, RRR Limit, Flight Deck Catapults and Aircraft Capacity. On non carriers this area is left blank.

Structure and Flotation are on the next line, along with their value/3, which is linked to the Morale system.

The next row has space to record Fire on board ship, and on the right are details of the number of Damage Control Teams.

Finally there is the speed of the ship, its Manoeuvre Rating (MVR) and Steering # to record damage.

At the bottom of the page there are sections for Other Equipment and Special Effects. Any changes to the light anti-aircraft or other smaller calibre guns appear here, as do other remarks concerning the ship.

On ships with one sheet for a class of ships (in the case of destroyers and smaller) there is a list of the ships in the class, for which this sheet can be used.

The page footer on all sheets shows the CV costs for the loss of weapons.

On the bottom right of the sheet you will find a version number and date for the dataset in question.

Ship Data – Small Ships of Type “X”

The ship data for small ships is slightly different and the sheets are designed to be used as a record for one or more squadrons of such ships.

Again, the detail of how to use the sheets is explained in more detail in the Ship Data Glossary.

The top section, above the armour boxes, shows on the left the ship name and under this its class. The ship name will usually be blank in the case of smaller ships. In such cases there is a usually list of ships for which the sheet is valid at the bottom of the page.

An abbreviated ship type, a date range for which the sheet is valid, the cost in points of a ship with the indicated crew code, the base cost of the ship is shown (in parenthesis), and then the dataset number for the current sheet. When you are using the ship in this case, you must multiply the ship cost by the number of ships being used.

A remark may also appear drawing your attention to changes to the ship's light anti aircraft or smaller calibre guns during the validity of the sheet, shown lower down the sheet along with the adjusted points values.

On the right hand side is shown the nationality and a box showing the reconnaissance values, which are used during game set up.

At the top of some sheets there may be an additional italicised remark in the centre which identifies a variant of a ship, or otherwise shows some identifying remark.

In the next line there is an italicised section which tells you that Critical Hit tables are NOT used; then it shows which attack types can be used against the craft in question.

Next, on the right, shows the ship's Size for when it is shot at, the Target Type, which may restrict what can shoot at it, and the Saving Throw Modifier, which is used during combat to see what effect a hit will have on the craft.

Below this there are three boxes. The first shows the vessel's Spotting Distance, which is how far the it can see and engage a target. This may well be greater or less than the tactical visibility in your game. Next are the speed of the vessel and the Manoeuvre rating (MVR). To the right is a space for you to enter the Crew Quality of your ship. You roll for this before the game.

Next there is an area where there may be some remarks concerning Special Effects that may apply, and other information about the craft concerned.

Below the first thick line across the form you will find the section referring to the weapon outfit. The first information shows the Close Range and Medium Range factors on the vessel, followed by any information about changes to the ship's light anti aircraft or smaller calibre guns during the validity of the sheet, with the adjusted points values.

The only weapons shown in detail in the case of smaller ships will be Torpedoes. Again, these are each defined with the letter code for the arc (which matches the graphic depiction shown to the right of the section). There is a letter and number code showing the mount type and number of tubes in the mount. The mount is followed by a circle, and/or a special symbol, for each mount.

On the right centre are the to hit modifiers for torpedoes in each Range Band. A “-” means that the torpedo will not go that far, and a to hit modifier in parenthesis shows a torpedo that can be effective at a range longer than the ship can see.

The arcs in use on this ship in question are outlined with a thick black line.

Below the second thick black divider line you will find a section that you can use to record any squadrons of these ships you have in use in the game. The method should be fairly obvious. the first column is to record the ID if the squadron in use, then the stand #, each of which will be in the form of counters or single small models representing the squadron. Finally there is a space to record the number of craft in the squadron.

To the right the weapon fit is repeated for each stand you are using. here you will cross out the torpedoes that the stand has expended, and if you need to make any notes, there is space for that as well.

Bear in mind that small craft are either in action, or they have been eliminated, as they do not have individual hit points.

On small vessels record sheets there is nearly always a list of the ships in the class.

The page footer shows in abbreviated form how you make use of the number of vessels remaining, linked to the number of Factors or tubes being fired to determine how many attack dice you roll.

Also, in abbreviated form, there is information about how the saving throw system works when small ships are attacked.

On the bottom right of the sheet you will find a version number and date for the dataset in question.

Ship name: *With 4" armament* Recon values Day: 1 Night: 1
 L (WW2) Class DD 1941 to 1942 Ship Cost with Crew Code C : 334 (Base Cost: 334) Dataset: 275
 ARMOUR: Belt: 0 Deck: 0 CT: 0 Turrets #1: n/a Turrets #2: n/a Casemates: n/a **Ship has Search Radar**
 Crit. table: Normal; Can be attacked by: Guns, Torpedoes, MRF (s/t applies), Bombs, Standoff Weapons, Rockets, A/s Guns, Kamikaze Size: -2 Target Type: A%oo MSF: +0
 Saving Throw Modifier: +0

Spotting Distance: 3 RB Fire Control Value: 1 Gunnery Modifier: +1 Crew Quality: _____
 RADAR: Radar for MAIN Guns Spotting Aircraft: _____

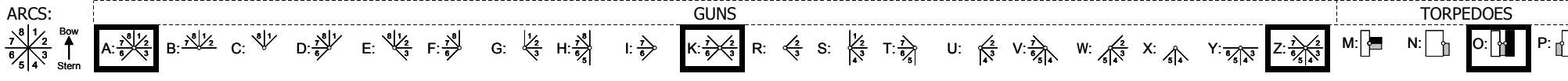
Hit Location #				WEAPONS									
MAIN guns:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:6	II:9	III:12	IV:15	V:18	IP:	CV:	Radar:	
1 - 4	8	4.00	AA	A:S2 OO K:S2 O Z:S2 O	Pen:	4	2	1	—	—	2	1	Yes

If a weapon 'Crit' lands in this section lose 1 ASW or CR factor for each 2 CV or part thereof. Lose factors in order: ASW then CRF CRF: 2 MRF: 0

OTHER guns:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:6	II:9	III:12	IV:15	V:18	IP:	CV:	Radar:	LRF:
5 - 6			ASW Z: DC Ω Ω (10cm)										5

LRF loses 1 factor for each MAIN or OTHER gun mount marked 'AA' or 'AA+' that is lost. When all such mounts are lost the LRF is reduced to 0.

TORPEDOES:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:14	II:17	III:19	IV:20	V:21	IP:	CV:
7 - 10	8	21.00	O:TT4 OO	Mod:	+1	+1	+0	—	—	5	7



Structure (S): 4 S/3: 1 Flotation (F): 4 F/3: 1
 Fires: (All Crew Tests are penalised if ship is on fire) Damage Control Teams: 1

Speed: 36 MVR: 5 Steering #: 5 When Steering # reduced to 0 then the ship requires a Crew Test to turn

Other Equipment (delete when lost):
 Searchlights Smokescreen; test at + 0 Changes to CRF or MRF: None
 Special Effects: Remarks: • With 4" armament

Ships in class: Gurkha (+1942), Lance (+1942), Legion (+1942), Lively (+1942)

Gun mounts are lost starting with the mounts with least protection in the order of priority shown below, followed by the largest calibre, then by highest number of guns in the mount. (OTHER guns are eliminated at the CV cost shown.)
 • O (Open) 1CV • S (Shielded) 2CV • C (Unarmoured Casemate) 3CV • T (Unarmoured Turret) 4CV • {C} (Armoured Casemate)* 3CV • (T) (Armoured Turret)* 4CV (* If armour is penetrated in case of mount marked { } or ())
 Torpedoes are lost starting with the mount with the largest calibre (if there is a choice) followed by the mount with the greatest number of tubes. The cost in CV is equal to the number of tubes. Dataset v.4 26/09/2015

Great Britain

Ship name:

Recon values Day: 1 Night: 1

Tribal Class DD 1941 to 1942 Ship Cost with Crew Code C : 240 (Base Cost: 240) Dataset: 141

Ship has Search Radar

ARMOUR: Belt: **0** Deck: **0** CT: **0** Turrets #1: **n/a** Turrets #2: **n/a** Casemates: **n/a**

Size: **-2** Target Type: **A%oo** MSF: **+0**

Crit. table: Normal; Can be attacked by: Guns, Torpedoes, MRF (s/t applies), Bombs, Standoff Weapons, Rockets, A/s Guns, Kamikaze

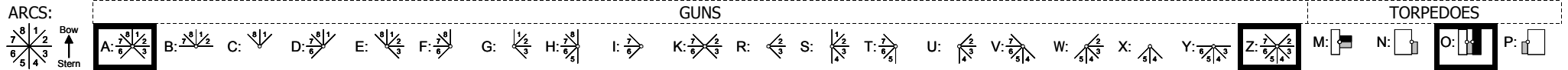
Saving Throw Modifier: **+0**

Spotting Distance: **3 RB** Fire Control Value: **1** Gunnery Modifier: **+1**

Crew Quality: _____

Spotting Aircraft: _____

Hit Location #				WEAPONS												
MAIN guns:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:6	II:9	III:12	IV:15	V:18	IP:	CV:	Radar:				
1-4	6	4.70	A:S2 OO Z:S2 O	Pen:	4	3	1	—	—	2	2	No				
If a weapon 'Crit' lands in this section lose 1 ASW or CR factor for each 2 CV or part thereof. Lose factors in order: ASW then CRF													CRF:	3	MRF:	0
OTHER guns:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:6	II:9	III:12	IV:15	V:18	IP:	CV:	Radar:	LRF:	3		
5-8	2	4.00	AA Z:S2 O ASW Z: DC Ω Ω (10cm)	Pen:	4	2	1	—	—	2	1	No	LRF loses 1 factor for each MAIN or OTHER gun mount marked 'AA' or 'AA+' that is lost. When all such mounts are lost the LRF is reduced to 0.			
TORPEDOES:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:14	II:17	III:19	IV:20	V:21	IP:	CV:					
9-10	4	21.00	O:TT4 O	Mod:	+1	+1	+0	—	—	5	7					



Structure (S): **4** S/3: **1** Flotation (F): **4** F/3: **1**

Fires: (All Crew Tests are penalised if ship is on fire) Damage Control Teams: **1**

Speed: **36** MVR: **6** Steering #: **6** When Steering # reduced to 0 then the ship requires a Crew Test to turn

Other Equipment (delete when lost): Changes to CRF or MRF: None

Searchlights: Smokescreen; test at +0 Remarks: None

Special Effects: None

Ships in class: Ashanti, Bedouin (+1942), Cossack (+1941), Eskimo, Maori (+1942), Mashona (+1941), Matabele (+1942), Mohawk (+1941), Nubian, Punjabi (+1942), Sikh (+1942), Somali (+1942), Tartar, Zulu (+1942)

Gun mounts are lost starting with the mounts with least protection in the order of priority shown below, followed by the largest calibre, then by highest number of guns in the mount. (OTHER guns are eliminated at the CV cost shown.) Dataset v.3
 • O (Open) 1CV • S (Shielded) 2CV • C (Unarmoured Casemate) 3CV • T (Unarmoured Turret) 4CV • {C} (Armoured Casemate)* 3CV • (T) (Armoured Turret)* 4CV (* If armour is penetrated in case of mount marked { } or ()) 26/09/2015
 Torpedoes are lost starting with the mount with the largest calibre (if there is a choice) followed by the mount with the greatest number of tubes. The cost in CV is equal to the number of tubes.

Netherlands

Ship name: **Isaac Sweers**

Recon values Day: 1 Night: 1

Isaac Sweers Class DD 1941 to 1942 Ship Cost with Crew Code **C** : 309 (Base Cost: 309) Dataset: 1278

Ship has Search Radar

ARMOUR: Belt: **0** Deck: **0** CT: **0** Turrets #1: **n/a** Turrets #2: **n/a** Casemates: **n/a**

Size: **-2** Target Type: **A%oo** MSF: **+0**

Crit. table: Normal; Can be attacked by: Guns, Torpedoes, MRF (s/t applies), Bombs, Standoff Weapons, Rockets, A/s Guns, Kamikaze

Saving Throw Modifier: **+0**

Spotting Distance: **3 RB** Fire Control Value: **1** Gunnery Modifier: **+1**

Crew Quality: _____

RADAR: Radar for MAIN Guns DPAA Radar: **+1 to hit**

Spotting Aircraft: _____

Hit Location #				WEAPONS									
MAIN guns:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:6	II:9	III:12	IV:15	V:18	IP:	CV:	Radar:	
1-4	6	4.00	AA A:S2 O Z:S2 OO	Pen:	4	2	1	—	—	2	1	Yes	

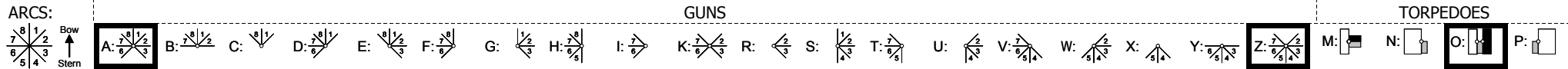
If a weapon 'Crit' lands in this section lose 1 ASW or CR factor for each 2 CV or part thereof. Lose factors in order: ASW then CRF

CRF: **3** MRF: **0**

OTHER guns:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:6	II:9	III:12	IV:15	V:18	IP:	CV:	Radar:	LRF:
5-6			ASW Z: DC Ω (10cm)										5

LRF loses 1 factor for each MAIN or OTHER gun mount marked 'AA' or 'AA+' that is lost. When all such mounts are lost the LRF is reduced to 0.

TORPEDOES:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:14	II:17	III:19	IV:20	V:21	IP:	CV:
7-10	8	21.00	O:TT4 OO	Mod:	+1	+1	+0	—	—	5	7



Structure (S): **3** S/3: **1** Flotation (F): **3** F/3: **1**

Fires: (All Crew Tests are penalised if ship is on fire) Damage Control Teams: **1**

Speed: **38** MVR: **5** Steering #: **5** When Steering # reduced to 0 then the ship requires a Crew Test to turn

Other Equipment (delete when lost): Changes to CRF or MRF: None

Searchlights: Smokescreen; test at +0 Remarks: None

Special Effects: None

Sunk in 1942

Gun mounts are lost starting with the mounts with least protection in the order of priority shown below, followed by the largest calibre, then by highest number of guns in the mount. (OTHER guns are eliminated at the CV cost shown.) Dataset v.3
 • O (Open) 1CV • S (Shielded) 2CV • C (Unarmoured Casemate) 3CV • T (Unarmoured Turret) 4CV • {C} (Armoured Casemate)* 3CV • (T) (Armoured Turret)* 4CV (* If armour is penetrated in case of mount marked { } or ()) 27/09/2015
 Torpedoes are lost starting with the mount with the largest calibre (if there is a choice) followed by the mount with the greatest number of tubes. The cost in CV is equal to the number of tubes.

Ship name: **Alberico da Barbiano**

Recon values Day: 2 Night: 1

Giussano Class CL 1939 to 1941 Ship Cost with Crew Code **D** : 344 (Base Cost: 362) Dataset: 2291

ARMOUR: Belt: **2** Deck: **0** CT: **2** Turrets #1: **1** Turrets #2: **n/a** Casemates: **n/a**

Size: **-1** Target Type: **A** MSF: **+0**

Crit. table: Normal; Can be attacked by: Guns, Torpedoes, Bombs, Standoff Weapons, Rockets, Kamikaze

Saving Throw Modifier: **n/a**

Spotting Distance: **4 RB** Fire Control Value: **2** Gunnery Modifier: **+1**

Crew Quality: _____

Spotting Aircraft: **1**

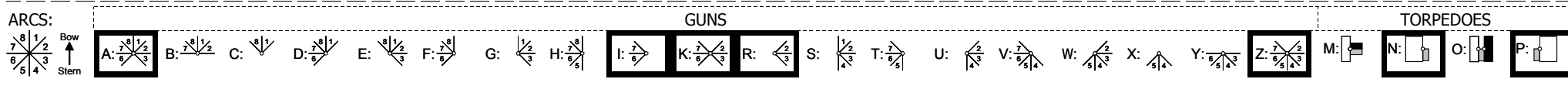
Hit Location #				WEAPONS										
MAIN guns:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:6	II:9	III:12	IV:15	V:18	IP:	CV:	Radar:		
1-5	8	6.00	A:[T2] OO Z:[T2] OO	Pen:	6	4	3	1	—	2	3	No		

If a weapon 'Crit' lands in this section lose 1 CR factor for each 2 CV or part thereof.

CRF: **2** MRF: **0**

OTHER guns:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:6	II:9	III:12	IV:15	V:18	IP:	CV:	Radar:	LRF:	
6-8	6	3.90	AA I:S2 O K:S2 O R:S2 O	Pen:	4	2	1	—	—	1	1	No	3	LRF loses 1 factor for each MAIN or OTHER gun mount marked 'AA' or 'AA+' that is lost. When all such mounts are lost the LRF is reduced to 0.

TORPEDOES:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:14	II:17	III:19	IV:20	V:21	IP:	CV:		
9-10	4	21.00	N:TT2 O P:TT2 O	Mod:	+2	+1	-1	—	—	5	6		



Structure (S): **10** S/3: **3** Flotation (F): **7** F/3: **2**

Fires: _____ (All Crew Tests are penalised if ship is on fire) Damage Control Teams: **2**

Speed: **37** MVR: **8** Steering #: **8** When Steering # reduced to 0 then the ship requires a Crew Test to turn

Other Equipment (delete when lost): _____ Changes to CRF or MRF: _____

Searchlights (Optional) Smokescreen; test at - 2 _____ None

Special Effects: _____ Remarks: _____

Sunk in 1941 _____ None

Gun mounts are lost starting with the mounts with least protection in the order of priority shown below, followed by the largest calibre, then by highest number of guns in the mount. (OTHER guns are eliminated at the CV cost shown.) Dataset v.3
 • O (Open) 1CV • S (Shielded) 2CV • C (Unarmoured Casemate) 3CV • T (Unarmoured Turret) 4CV • {C} (Armoured Casemate)* 3CV • (T) (Armoured Turret)* 4CV (* If armour is penetrated in case of mount marked { } or ()) 03/07/2014
 Torpedoes are lost starting with the mount with the largest calibre (if there is a choice) followed by the mount with the greatest number of tubes. The cost in CV is equal to the number of tubes.

Ship name: **Alberto di Giussano**

Recon values Day: 2 Night: 1

Giussano Class CL 1939 to 1941 Ship Cost with Crew Code **D** : 344 (Base Cost: 362) Dataset: 2291

ARMOUR: Belt: **2** Deck: **0** CT: **2** Turrets #1: **1** Turrets #2: **n/a** Casemates: **n/a**

Size: **-1** Target Type: **A** MSF: **+0**

Crit. table: Normal; Can be attacked by: Guns, Torpedoes, Bombs, Standoff Weapons, Rockets, Kamikaze

Saving Throw Modifier: **n/a**

Spotting Distance: **4 RB** Fire Control Value: **2** Gunnery Modifier: **+1**

Crew Quality: _____

Spotting Aircraft: **1**

Hit Location #				WEAPONS										
MAIN guns:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:6	II:9	III:12	IV:15	V:18	IP:	CV:	Radar:		
1 - 5	8	6.00	A:[T2] OO Z:[T2] OO	Pen:	6	4	3	1	—	2	3	No		

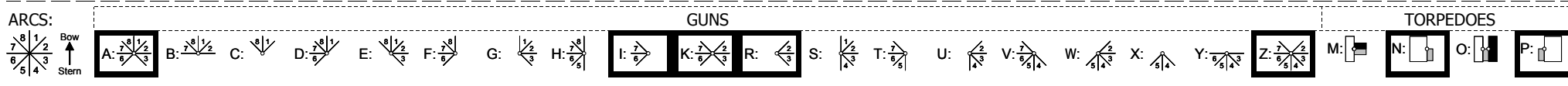
If a weapon 'Crit' lands in this section lose 1 CR factor for each 2 CV or part thereof.

CRF: **2** MRF: **0**

OTHER guns:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:6	II:9	III:12	IV:15	V:18	IP:	CV:	Radar:	LRF:	
6 - 8	6	3.90	AA I:S2 O K:S2 O R:S2 O	Pen:	4	2	1	—	—	1	1	No	3	

LRF loses 1 factor for each MAIN or OTHER gun mount marked 'AA' or 'AA+' that is lost. When all such mounts are lost the LRF is reduced to 0.

TORPEDOES:	#:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:14	II:17	III:19	IV:20	V:21	IP:	CV:		
9 - 10	4	21.00	N:TT2 O P:TT2 O	Mod:	+2	+1	-1	—	—	5	6		



Structure (S): **10** S/3: **3** Flotation (F): **7** F/3: **2**

Fires: _____ (All Crew Tests are penalised if ship is on fire) Damage Control Teams: **2**

Speed: **37** MVR: **8** Steering #: **8** When Steering # reduced to 0 then the ship requires a Crew Test to turn

Other Equipment (delete when lost): _____ Changes to CRF or MRF: _____

Searchlights (Optional) Smokescreen; test at - 2 _____ None

Special Effects: _____ Remarks: _____

Sunk in 1941 _____ None

Gun mounts are lost starting with the mounts with least protection in the order of priority shown below, followed by the largest calibre, then by highest number of guns in the mount. (OTHER guns are eliminated at the CV cost shown.) Dataset v.3
 • O (Open) 1CV • S (Shielded) 2CV • C (Unarmoured Casemate) 3CV • T (Unarmoured Turret) 4CV • {C} (Armoured Casemate)* 3CV • (T) (Armoured Turret)* 4CV (* If armour is penetrated in case of mount marked { } or ()) 03/07/2014
 Torpedoes are lost starting with the mount with the largest calibre (if there is a choice) followed by the mount with the greatest number of tubes. The cost in CV is equal to the number of tubes.

Ship name: _____ Recon values Day: 0 Night: 0
 Spica Class TB 1937 to 1941 Ship Cost with Crew Code **D** : 75 (Base Cost: 79) Dataset: 406
 ARMOUR: Belt: **0** Deck: **0** CT: **0** Turrets #1: **n/a** Turrets #2: **n/a** Casemates: **n/a** Size: **-3** Target Type: **A%oo** MSF: **+0**
Crit. table: Normal; Can be attacked by: Guns, Torpedoes, MRF (s/t applies), Bombs, Standoff Weapons, Rockets, A/s Guns, Kamikaze Saving Throw Modifier: **+0**

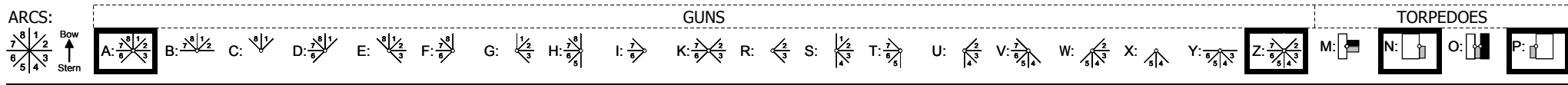
Spotting Distance: **2 RB** Fire Control Value: **1** Gunnery Modifier: **+1** Crew Quality: _____
 Spotting Aircraft: _____

Hit Location #	WEAPONS											
MAIN guns: #:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:6	II:9	III:12	IV:15	V:18	IP:	CV:	Radar:	
1-5	3	3.90	A:S1 O Z:S1 OO	Pen:	4	2	—	—	—	1	1	No

If a weapon 'Crit' lands in this section lose 1 ASW factor for each 2 CV or part thereof. CRF: **0** MRF: **0**

OTHER guns: #:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:6	II:9	III:12	IV:15	V:18	IP:	CV:	Radar:	LRF:
6		ASW Z: DC Ω (10cm)										0

TORPEDOES: #:	Cal:	Arcs:	Hit#:	I:14	II:17	III:19	IV:20	V:21	IP:	CV:	
7-10	4	17.70	N:TT1 OO P:TT1 OO	Mod:	+1	+0	—	—	—	4	5

ARCS:  GUNS TORPEDOES

Structure (S): **2** S/3: **1** Flotation (F): **2** F/3: **1**
 Fires: _____ (All Crew Tests are penalised if ship is on fire) Damage Control Teams: **1**
 Speed: **34** MVR: **4** Steering #: **4** When Steering # reduced to 0 then the ship requires a Crew Test to turn
 Other Equipment (delete when lost): _____ Changes to CRF or MRF: _____
 Searchlights _____ Smokescreen; test at +0 _____ None
 Special Effects: _____ Remarks: _____
 Ships in class: Castore, Cigno, Canopo (+1941), Cassiopea _____
 • Climene group II

Gun mounts are lost starting with the mounts with least protection in the order of priority shown below, followed by the largest calibre, then by highest number of guns in the mount. (OTHER guns are eliminated at the CV cost shown.)
 • O (Open) 1CV • S (Shielded) 2CV • C (Unarmoured Casemate) 3CV • T (Unarmoured Turret) 4CV • {C} (Armoured Casemate)* 3CV • (T) (Armoured Turret)* 4CV (* If armour is penetrated in case of mount marked { } or ())
 Torpedoes are lost starting with the mount with the largest calibre (if there is a choice) followed by the mount with the greatest number of tubes. The cost in CV is equal to the number of tubes. Dataset v.3 26/09/2015